PARI-GP Reference Card

(PARI-GP version 2.5.0)

Note: optional arguments are surrounded by braces {}.

Starting & Stopping GP

to enter GP, just type its name:	`gp`
to exit GP, type	`\q` or `quit`

Help

describe function	`?`*function*
extended description	`??`*keyword*
list of relevant help topics	`???`*pattern*

Input/Output & Defaults

output previous line, the lines before	`%`, `%‘`, `%‘‘`, etc.
output from line n	`%`n
separate multiple statements on line	`;`
extend statement on additional lines	`\`
extend statements on several lines	{seq_1`;` seq_2`;}`
comment	`/* ... */`
one-line comment, rest of line ignored	`\\ ...`
set default d to val	`default(`{d},{val},{$flag$}`)`
mimic behavior of GP 1.39	`default(compatible,3)`

Metacommands

toggle timer on/off	`#`
print time for last result	`##`
print %n in raw format	`\a` n
print defaults	`\d`
set debug level to n	`\g` n
set memory debug level to n	`\gm` n
enable/disable logfile	`\l` {*filename*}
print %n in pretty matrix format	`\m`
set output mode (raw=0, default=1)	`\o` n
set n significant digits	`\p` n
set n terms in series	`\ps` n
quit GP	`\q`
print the list of PARI types	`\t`
print the list of user-defined functions	`\u`
read file into GP	`\r` *filename*
write %n to file	`\w` n *filename*

GP Within Emacs

to enter GP from within Emacs:	`M-x gp`, `C-u M-x gp`
word completion	⟨TAB⟩
help menu window	`M-\c`
describe function	`M-?`
display TEX'd PARI manual	`M-x gpman`
set prompt string	`M-\p`
break line at column 100, insert \	`M-\\`
PARI metacommand *letter*	`M-\`*letter*

Reserved Variable Names

$\pi = 3.14159\cdots$	`Pi`
Euler's constant $= .57721\cdots$	`Euler`
square root of -1	`I`
big-oh notation	`O`

PARI Types & Input Formats

`t_INT`/`t_REAL`. Integers, Reals	$\pm n$, $\pm n.ddd$
`t_INTMOD`. Integers modulo m	`Mod(`n, m`)`
`t_FRAC`. Rational Numbers	n/m
`t_FFELT`. Elt in a Finite Field	`ffgen(T)`
`t_COMPLEX`. Complex Numbers	$x + y *$ `I`
`t_PADIC`. p-adic Numbers	$x +$ `O(`p`^`k`)`
`t_QUAD`. Quadratic Numbers	$x + y *$ `quadgen(`D`)`
`t_POLMOD`. Polynomials modulo g	`Mod(`f, g`)`
`t_POL`. Polynomials	$a * x$`^`$n + \cdots + b$
`t_SER`. Power Series	$f +$ `O(`x`^`k`)`
`t_QFI`/`t_QFR`. Imag/Real bin. quad. forms	`Qfb(`a, b, c,{d}`)`
`t_RFRAC`. Rational Functions	f/g
`t_VEC`/`t_COL`. Row/Column Vectors	`[`x, y, z`]`, `[`x, y, z`]~`
`t_MAT`. Matrices	`[`x, y`;`z, t`;`u, v`]`
`t_LIST`. Lists	`List([`x, y, z`])`
`t_STR`. Strings	`"aaa"`

Standard Operators

basic operations	`+`, `-` , `*`, `/`, `^`
`i=i+1`, `i=i-1`, `i=i*j`, ...	`i++`, `i--`, `i*=j`,...
euclidean quotient, remainder	x`\/`y, x`\`y, x`%`y, `divrem(`x, y`)`
shift x left or right n bits	x`<<`n, x`>>`n or `shift(`$x, \pm n$`)`
comparison operators	`<=`, `<`, `>=`, `>`, `==`, `!=`
boolean operators (or, and, not)	`||`, `&&`, `!`
sign of $x = -1, 0, 1$	`sign(`x`)`
maximum/minimum of x and y	`max`, `min(`x, y`)`
integer or real factorial of x	x`!` or `factorial(`x`)`
derivative of f w.r.t. x	f`'`

Conversions

Change Objects

to vector, matrix, set, list, string	`Col/Vec,Mat,Set,List,Str`
create PARI object (x mod y)	`Mod(`x, y`)`
make x a polynomial of v	`Pol(`x,{v}`)`
as above, starting with constant term	`Polrev(`x,{v}`)`
make x a power series of v	`Ser(`x,{v}`)`
PARI type of object x	`type(`x`)`
object x with precision n	`prec(`x,{n}`)`
evaluate f replacing vars by their value	`eval(`f`)`

Select Pieces of an Object

length of x	`#`x or `length(`x`)`
n-th component of x	`component(`x, n`)`
n-th component of vector/list x	x`[`n`]`
(m, n)-th component of matrix x	x`[`m, n`]`
row m or column n of matrix x	x`[`m`,]`, x`[,`n`]`
numerator of x	`numerator(`x`)`
lowest denominator of x	`denominator(`x`)`

Conjugates and Lifts

conjugate of a number x	`conj(`x`)`
conjugate vector of algebraic number x	`conjvec(`x`)`
norm of x, product with conjugate	`norm(`x`)`
square of L^2 norm of vector x	`norml2(`x`)`
lift of x from Mods	`lift`, `centerlift(`x`)`

Random Numbers

random integer between 0 and $N-1$	`random(`{N}`)`
get random seed	`getrand()`
set random seed to s	`setrand(`s`)`

Lists, Sets & Sorting

sort x by kth component	`vecsort(`x,{k},{$fl = 0$}`)`

Sets (= row vector of strings with strictly increasing entries)

intersection of sets x and y	`setintersect(`x, y`)`
set of elements in x not belonging to y	`setminus(`x, y`)`
union of sets x and y	`setunion(`x, y`)`
look if y belongs to the set x	`setsearch(`x, y,{*flag*}`)`

Lists

create empty list L	L `= List()`
append x to list L	`listput(`L, x,{i}`)`
remove i-th component from list L	`listpop(`L,{i}`)`
insert x in list L at position i	`listinsert(`L, x, i`)`
sort the list L in place	`listsort(`L,{*flag*}`)`

Programming & User Functions

Control Statements (X: formal parameter in expression *seq*)

eval. *seq* for $a \le X \le b$	`for(`X `=` a, b, *seq*`)`
eval. *seq* for X dividing n	`fordiv(`n, X, *seq*`)`
eval. *seq* for primes $a \le X \le b$	`forprime(`X `=` a, b, *seq*`)`
eval. *seq* for $a \le X \le b$ stepping s	`forstep(`X `=` a, b, s, *seq*`)`
multivariable `for`	`forvec(`X `=` v, *seq*`)`
if $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq_1, else seq_2	`if(`a,{seq_1},{seq_2}`)`
evaluate *seq* until $a \neq 0$	`until(`a, *seq*`)`
while $a \neq 0$, evaluate *seq*	`while(`a, *seq*`)`
exit n innermost enclosing loops	`break(`{n}`)`
start new iteration of nth enclosing loop	`next(`{n}`)`
return x from current subroutine	`return(`{x}`)`
error recovery (try seq_1)	`trap(`{err},{seq_2},{seq_1}`)`

Input/Output

print args with/without newline	`print()`, `print1()`
formatted printing	`printf()`
read a string from keyboard	`input()`
output *args* in TEX format	`printtex(`*args*`)`
write *args* to file	`write`, `write1`, `writetex(`*file*, *args*`)`
read file into GP	`read(`{*file*}`)`

Interface with User and System

allocates a new stack of s bytes	`allocatemem(`{s}`)`
execute system command a	`system(`a`)`
as above, feed result to GP	`extern(`a`)`
install function from library	`install(`f, *code*,{*gpf*},{*lib*}`)`
alias *old* to *new*	`alias(`*new*, *old*`)`
new name of function f in GP 2.0	`whatnow(`f`)`

User Defined Functions

`name(formal vars) = my(local vars);` *seq*

`struct.member =` *seq*

kill value of variable or function x `kill(`x`)`

Iterations, Sums & Products

numerical integration	`intnum(`X `=` a, b, *expr*,{*flag*}`)`
sum *expr* over divisors of n	`sumdiv(`n, X, *expr*`)`
sum $X = a$ to $X = b$, initialized at x	`sum(`X `=` a, b, *expr*,{x}`)`
sum of series *expr*	`suminf(`X `=` a, *expr*`)`
sum of alternating/positive series	`sumalt`, `sumpos`
product $a \le X \le b$, initialized at x	`prod(`X `=` a, b, *expr*,{x}`)`
product over primes $a \le X \le b$	`prodeuler(`X `=` a, b, *expr*`)`
infinite product $a \le X \le \infty$	`prodinf(`X `=` a, *expr*`)`
real root of *expr* between a and b	`solve(`X `=` a, b, *expr*`)`

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Vectors & Matrices

dimensions of matrix x	`matsize`(x)
concatenation of x and y	`concat`$(x, \{y\})$
extract components of x	`vecextract`$(x, y, \{z\})$
transpose of vector or matrix x	`mattranspose`(x) or x`~`
adjoint of the matrix x	`matadjoint`(x)
eigenvectors of matrix x	`mateigen`(x)
characteristic polynomial of x	`charpoly`$(x, \{v\}, \{flag\})$
minimal polynomial of x	`minpoly`$(x, \{v\})$
trace of matrix x	`trace`(x)

Constructors & Special Matrices

row vec. of *expr* eval'ed at $1 \le i \le n$	`vector`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
col. vec. of *expr* eval'ed at $1 \le i \le n$	`vectorv`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
matrix $1 \le i \le m$, $1 \le j \le n$	`matrix`$(m, n, \{i\}, \{j\}, \{expr\})$
diagonal matrix with diagonal x	`matdiagonal`(x)
$n \times n$ identity matrix	`matid`(n)
Hessenberg form of square matrix x	`mathess`(x)
$n \times n$ Hilbert matrix $H_{ij} = (i+j-1)^{-1}$	`mathilbert`(n)
$n \times n$ Pascal triangle $P_{ij} = \binom{i}{j}$	`matpascal`$(n-1)$
companion matrix to polynomial x	`matcompanion`(x)

Gaussian elimination

determinant of matrix x	`matdet`$(x, \{flag\})$
kernel of matrix x	`matker`$(x, \{flag\})$
intersection of column spaces of x and y	`matintersect`(x, y)
solve $M * X = B$ (M invertible)	`matsolve`(M, B)
as solve, modulo D (col. vector)	`matsolvemod`(M, D, B)
one sol of $M * X = B$	`matinverseimage`(M, B)
basis for image of matrix x	`matimage`(x)
supplement columns of x to get basis	`matsupplement`(x)
rows, cols to extract invertible matrix	`matindexrank`(x)
rank of the matrix x	`matrank`(x)

Lattices & Quadratic Forms

upper triangular Hermite Normal Form	`mathnf`(x)
HNF of x where d is a multiple of $\det(x)$	`mathnfmod`(x, d)
elementary divisors of x	`matsnf`(x)
LLL-algorithm applied to columns of x	`qflll`$(x, \{flag\})$
like `qflll`, x is Gram matrix of lattice	`qflllgram`$(x, \{flag\})$
LLL-reduced basis for kernel of x	`matkerint`(x)
$\mathbf{Z}$-lattice $\longleftrightarrow$ $\mathbf{Q}$-vector space	`matrixqz`(x, p)
signature of quad form ${}^t y * x * y$	`qfsign`(x)
decomp into squares of ${}^t y * x * y$	`qfgaussred`(x)
find up to m sols of ${}^t y * x * y \le b$	`qfminim`(x, b, m)
v, $v[i]$:=number of sols of ${}^t y * x * y = i$	`qfrep`$(x, B, \{flag\})$
eigenvals/eigenvecs for real symmetric x	`qfjacobi`(x)

Formal & p-adic Series

truncate power series or p-adic number	`truncate`(x)
valuation of x at p	`valuation`(x, p)

Dirichlet and Power Series

Taylor expansion around 0 of f w.r.t. x	`taylor`(f, x)
$\sum a_k b_k t^k$ from $\sum a_k t^k$ and $\sum b_k t^k$	`serconvol`(x, y)
$f = \sum a_k t^k$ from $\sum (a_k/k!) t^k$	`serlaplace`(f)
reverse power series F so $F(f(x)) = x$	`serreverse`(f)
Dirichlet series multiplication / division	`dirmul`, `dirdiv`(x, y)
Dirichlet Euler product (b terms)	`direuler`$(p = a, b, expr)$

***p*-adic Functions**

Teichmuller character of x	`teichmuller`(x)
Newton polygon of f for prime p	`newtonpoly`(f, p)

Polynomials & Rational Functions

degree of f	`poldegree`(f)
coefficient of degree n of f	`polcoeff`(f, n)
round coeffs of f to nearest integer	`round`$(f, \{\&e\})$
gcd of coefficients of f	`content`(f)
replace x by y in f	`subst`(f, x, y)
discriminant of polynomial f	`poldisc`(f)
resultant of f and g	`polresultant`$(f, g, \{v\}, \{flag\})$
as above, give $[u, v, d]$, $xu + yv = d$	`bezoutres`(x, y)
derivative of f w.r.t. x	`deriv`(f, x)
formal integral of f w.r.t. x	`intformal`(f, x)
reciprocal poly $x^{\deg f} f(1/x)$	`polrecip`(f)
interpol. pol. eval. at a	`polinterpolate`$(X, \{Y\}, \{a\}, \{\&e\})$
initialize t for Thue equation solver	`thueinit`(f)
solve Thue equation $f(x, y) = a$	`thue`$(t, a, \{sol\})$

Roots and Factorization

number of real roots of f, $a < x \le b$	`polsturm`$(f, \{a\}, \{b\})$
complex roots of f	`polroots`(f)
symmetric powers of roots of f up to n	`polsym`(f, n)
roots of f mod p	`polrootsmod`$(f, p, \{flag\})$
factor f	`factor`$(f, \{lim\})$
factorization of f mod p	`factormod`$(f, p, \{flag\})$
factorization of f over $\mathbf{F}_{p^a}$	`factorff`(f, p, a)
p-adic fact. of f to prec. r	`factorpadic`$(f, p, r, \{flag\})$
p-adic roots of f to prec. r	`polrootspadic`(f, p, r)
p-adic root of f cong. to a mod p	`padicappr`(f, a)
Newton polygon of f for prime p	`newtonpoly`(f, p)

Special Polynomials

nth cyclotomic polynomial in var. v	`polcyclo`$(n, \{v\})$
d-th degree subfield of $\mathbf{Q}(\zeta_n)$	`polsubcyclo`$(n, d, \{v\})$
n-th Legendre polynomial	`pollegendre`$(n, \{v = x\})$
n-th Tchebicheff polynomial	`polchebyshev`$(n, \{flag\}, \{v = x\})$
Zagier's polynomial of index n,m	`polzagier`(n, m)

Transcendental Functions

real, imaginary part of x	`real`(x), `imag`(x)
absolute value, argument of x	`abs`(x), `arg`(x)
square/nth root of x	`sqrt`(x), `sqrtn`$(x, n, \{\&z\})$
trig functions	`sin, cos, tan, cotan`
inverse trig functions	`asin, acos, atan`
hyperbolic functions	`sinh, cosh, tanh`
inverse hyperbolic functions	`asinh, acosh, atanh`
exponential of x	`exp`(x)
natural log of x	`ln`(x) or `log`(x)
gamma function $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{x-1} dt$	`gamma`(x)
logarithm of gamma function	`lngamma`(x)
$\psi(x) = \Gamma'(x)/\Gamma(x)$	`psi`(x)
incomplete gamma function ($y = \Gamma(s)$)	`incgam`$(s, x, \{y\})$
exponential integral $\int_x^\infty e^{-t}/t\, dt$	`eint1`(x)
error function $2/\sqrt{\pi} \int_x^\infty e^{-t^2} dt$	`erfc`(x)
dilogarithm of x	`dilog`(x)
mth polylogarithm of x	`polylog`$(m, x, \{flag\})$
U-confluent hypergeometric function	`hyperu`(a, b, u)
J-Bessel function, $J_{n+1/2}(x)$	`besselj`(n, x), `besseljh`(n, x)
K-Bessel function of index nu	`besselk`(nu, x)

Elementary Arithmetic Functions

vector of binary digits of $\lvert x \rvert$	`binary`(x)
give bit number n of integer x	`bittest`(x, n)
ceiling of x	`ceil`(x)
floor of x	`floor`(x)
fractional part of x	`frac`(x)
round x to nearest integer	`round`$(x, \{\&e\})$
truncate x	`truncate`$(x, \{\&e\})$
gcd/LCM of x and y	`gcd`(x, y), `lcm`(x, y)
gcd of entries of a vector/matrix	`content`(x)

Primes and Factorization

add primes in v to the prime table	`addprimes`(v)
the nth prime	`prime`(n)
vector of first n primes	`primes`(n)
smallest prime $\ge x$	`nextprime`(x)
largest prime $\le x$	`precprime`(x)
factorization of x	`factor`$(x, \{lim\})$
reconstruct x from its factorization	`factorback`$(f, \{e\})$

Divisors

number of distinct prime divisors	`omega`(x)
number of prime divisors with mult	`bigomega`(x)
number of divisors of x	`numdiv`(x)
row vector of divisors of x	`divisors`(x)
sum of (k-th powers of) divisors of x	`sigma`$(x, \{k\})$

Special Functions and Numbers

binomial coefficient $\binom{x}{y}$	`binomial`(x, y)
Bernoulli number B_n as real	`bernreal`(n)
Bernoulli vector $B_0, B_2, \ldots, B_{2n}$	`bernvec`(n)
nth Fibonacci number	`fibonacci`(n)
number of partitions of n	`numbpart`(n)
Euler ϕ-function	`eulerphi`(x)
Möbius μ-function	`moebius`(x)
Hilbert symbol of x and y (at p)	`hilbert`$(x, y, \{p\})$
Kronecker-Legendre symbol $(\frac{x}{y})$	`kronecker`(x, y)

Miscellaneous

integer or real factorial of x	$x!$ or `fact`(x)
integer square root of x	`sqrtint`(x)
solve $z \equiv x$ and $z \equiv y$	`chinese`(x, y)
minimal u, v so $xu + yv = \gcd(x, y)$	`bezout`(x, y)
multiplicative order of x (intmod) (¡=o)	`znorder`$(x, \{o\})$
primitive root mod prime power q	`znprimroot`(q)
structure of $(\mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z})^*$	`znstar`(n)
continued fraction of x	`contfrac`$(x, \{b\}, \{lmax\})$
last convergent of continued fraction x	`contfracpnqn`(x)
best rational approximation to x	`bestappr`(x, k)

True-False Tests

is x the disc. of a quadratic field?	`isfundamental`(x)
is x a prime?	`isprime`(x)
is x a strong pseudo-prime?	`ispseudoprime`(x)
is x square-free?	`issquarefree`(x)
is x a square?	`issquare`$(x, \{\&n\})$
is *pol* irreducible?	`polisirreducible`(pol)

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman
May 2011 v2.26.

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PARI-GP Reference Card (2)

(PARI-GP version 2.5.0)

Elliptic Curves

Elliptic curve initially given by 5-tuple E =`[`a_1,a_2,a_3,a_4,a_6`]`. Points are `[x,y]`, the origin is `[0]`.

Initialize elliptic struct. *ell*, i.e create — `ellinit`$(E,\{flag\})$

$a_1,a_2,a_3,a_4,a_6,b_2,b_4,b_6,b_8,c_4,c_6,disc,j$. This data can be recovered by typing *ell*`.a1`,...,*ell*`.j`. If *flag* omitted, also

- E defined over $\mathbf{R}$

x-coords. of points of order 2	*ell*`.roots`
real and complex periods	*ell*`.omega`
associated quasi-periods	*ell*`.eta`
volume of complex lattice	*ell*`.area`

- E defined over $\mathbf{Q}_p$, $\lvert j\rvert_p > 1$

x-coord. of unit 2 torsion point	*ell*`.roots`
Tate's $[u^2,u,q]$	*ell*`.tate`
Mestre's w	*ell*`.w`

change curve E using v =`[`u,r,s,t`]`	`ellchangecurve`(ell,v)
change point z using v =`[`u,r,s,t`]`	`ellchangepoint`(z,v)
add points z_1+z_2	`elladd`(ell,z_1,z_2)
subtract points z_1-z_2	`ellsub`(ell,z_1,z_2)
compute $n\cdot z$	`ellpow`(ell,z,n)
check if z is on E	`ellisoncurve`(ell,z)
order of torsion point z	`ellorder`(ell,z)
y-coordinates of point(s) for x	`ellordinate`(ell,x)
point $[\wp(z),\wp'(z)]$ corresp. to z	`elliztopoint`(ell,z)
complex z such that $p=[\wp(z),\wp'(z)]$	`ellpointtoz`(ell,p)

Curves over finite fields, Pairings

random point on E	`random`(ell)
structure $\mathbf{Z}/d_1\mathbf{Z}\times\mathbf{Z}/d_2\mathbf{Z}$ of $E(\mathbf{F}_p)$	`ellgroup`(ell,p)
Weil pairing of m-torsion pts x,y	`ellweilpairing`(ell,x,y,m)
Tate pairing of x,y; x m-torsion	`elltatepairing`(ell,x,y,m)

Curves over Q and the *L*-function

canonical bilinear form taken at z_1, z_2	`ellbil`(ell,z_1,z_2)
canonical height of z	`ellheight`$(ell,z,\{flag\})$
height regulator matrix for pts in x	`ellheightmatrix`(ell,x)
cond, min mod, Tamagawa num `[`N,v,c`]`	`ellglobalred`(ell)
Kodaira type of p-fiber of E	`elllocalred`(ell,p)
minimal model of $E/\mathbf{Q}$	`ellminimalmodel`$(ell,\{\&v\})$
pth coeff a_p of L-function, p prime	`ellap`(ell,p)
kth coeff a_k of L-function	`ellak`(ell,k)
vector of first n a_k's in L-function	`ellan`(ell,n)
$L(E,s)$, set $A\approx 1$	`elllseries`$(ell,s,\{A\})$
order of vanishing at 1	`ellanalyticrank`$(ell,\{eps\})$
$L^{(r)}(E,1)$	`ellL1`(ell,r)
root number for $L(E,.)$ at p	`ellrootno`$(ell,\{p\})$
torsion subgroup with generators	`elltors`(ell)
modular parametrization of E	`elltaniyama`(ell)

Elldata package, Cremona's database:

db code $\leftrightarrow$ [*conductor*, *class*, *index*]	`ellconvertname`(s)
generators of Mordell-Weil group	`ellgenerators`(E)
look up E in database	`ellidentify`(E)
all curves matching criterion	`ellsearch`(N)
loop over curves with cond. from a to b	`forell`(E,a,b,seq)

Elliptic & Modular Functions

arithmetic-geometric mean	`agm`(x,y)
elliptic j-function $1/q+744+\cdots$	`ellj`(x)
Weierstrass σ function	`ellsigma`$(ell,z,\{flag\})$
Weierstrass $\wp$ function	`ellwp`$(ell,\{z\},\{flag\})$
Weierstrass ζ function	`ellzeta`(ell,z)
modified Dedekind η func. $\prod(1-q^n)$	`eta`$(x,\{flag\})$
Jacobi sine theta function	`theta`(q,z)
k-th derivative at z=0 of `theta`(q,z)	`thetanullk`(q,k)
Weber's f functions	`weber`$(x,\{flag\})$
Riemann's zeta $\zeta(s)=\sum n^{-s}$	`zeta`(s)

Graphic Functions

crude graph of *expr* between a and b	`plot`$(X=a,b,expr)$

High-resolution plot (immediate plot)

plot *expr* between a and b	`ploth`$(X=a,b,expr,\{flag\},\{n\})$
plot points given by lists lx, ly	`plothraw`$(lx,ly,\{flag\})$
terminal dimensions	`plothsizes`$()$

Rectwindow functions

init window w, with size x,y	`plotinit`(w,x,y)
erase window w	`plotkill`(w)
copy w to w_2 with offset (dx,dy)	`plotcopy`(w,w_2,dx,dy)
scale coordinates in w	`plotscale`(w,x_1,x_2,y_1,y_2)
`ploth` in w	`plotrecth`$(w,X=a,b,expr,\{flag\},\{n\})$
`plothraw` in w	`plotrecthraw`$(w,data,\{flag\})$
draw window w_1 at (x_1,y_1), ...	`plotdraw`$([[w_1,x_1,y_1],\ldots])$

Low-level Rectwindow Functions

set current drawing color in w to c	`plotcolor`(w,c)
current position of cursor in w	`plotcursor`(w)
write s at cursor's position	`plotstring`(w,s)
move cursor to (x,y)	`plotmove`(w,x,y)
move cursor to $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrmove`(w,dx,dy)
draw a box to (x_2,y_2)	`plotbox`(w,x_2,y_2)
draw a box to $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrbox`(w,dx,dy)
draw polygon	`plotlines`$(w,lx,ly,\{flag\})$
draw points	`plotpoints`(w,lx,ly)
draw line to $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrline`(w,dx,dy)
draw point $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrpoint`(w,dx,dy)

Postscript Functions

as `ploth`	`psploth`$(X=a,b,expr,\{flag\},\{n\})$
as `plothraw`	`psplothraw`$(lx,ly,\{flag\})$
as `plotdraw`	`psdraw`$([[w_1,x_1,y_1],\ldots])$

Binary Quadratic Forms

create $ax^2+bxy+cy^2$ (distance d)	`Qfb`$(a,b,c,\{d\})$
reduce x ($s=\sqrt{D}$, $l=\lfloor s\rfloor$)	`qfbred`$(x,\{flag\},\{D\},\{l\},\{s\})$
composition of forms	x`*`y or `qfbnucomp`(x,y,l)
n-th power of form	x`^`n or `qfbnupow`(x,n)
composition without reduction	`qfbcompraw`(x,y)
n-th power without reduction	`qfbpowraw`(x,n)
prime form of disc. x above prime p	`qfbprimeform`(x,p)
class number of disc. x	`qfbclassno`(x)
Hurwitz class number of disc. x	`qfbhclassno`(x)

Quadratic Fields

quadratic number $\omega=\sqrt{x}$ or $(1+\sqrt{x})/2$	`quadgen`(x)
minimal polynomial of ω	`quadpoly`(x)
discriminant of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	`quaddisc`(x)
regulator of real quadratic field	`quadregulator`(x)
fundamental unit in real $\mathbf{Q}(x)$	`quadunit`(x)
class group of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	`quadclassunit`$(D,\{flag\},\{t\})$
Hilbert class field of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	`quadhilbert`$(D,\{flag\})$
ray class field modulo f of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	`quadray`$(D,f,\{flag\})$

General Number Fields: Initializations

A number field K is given by a monic irreducible $f\in\mathbf{Z}[X]$.

init number field structure *nf*	`nfinit`$(f,\{flag\})$

nf members:

polynomial defining *nf*, $f(\theta)=0$	*nf*`.pol`
number of real/complex places	*nf*`.r1/r2/sign`
discriminant of *nf*	*nf*`.disc`
T_2 matrix	*nf*`.t2`
vector of roots of f	*nf*`.roots`
integral basis of $\mathbf{Z}_K$ as powers of θ	*nf*`.zk`
different	*nf*`.diff`
codifferent	*nf*`.codiff`
index	*nf*`.index`

recompute *nf* using current precision	`nfnewprec`(nf)
init relative *rnf* given by $g=0$ over K	`rnfinit`(nf,g)
init*bnf* structure	`bnfinit`$(f,\{flag\})$

bnf members: same as *nf*, plus

underlying *nf*	*bnf*`.nf`
classgroup	*bnf*`.clgp`
regulator	*bnf*`.reg`
fundamental units	*bnf*`.fu`
torsion units	*bnf*`.tu`

compute a *bnf* from small *bnf*	`bnfinit`$(sbnf)$
add S-class group and units, yield *bnf* s	`bnfsunit`(nf,S)
init class field structure *bnr*	`bnrinit`$(bnf,m,\{flag\})$

bnr members: same as *bnf*, plus

underlying *bnf*	*bnr*`.bnf`
big ideal structure	*bnr*`.bid`
modulus	*bnr*`.mod`
structure of $(\mathbf{Z}_K/m)^*$	*bnr*`.zkst`

PARI-GP Reference Card (2)

(PARI-GP version 2.5.0)

Basic Number Field Arithmetic (nf)

Elements are `t_INT`, `t_FRAC`, `t_POL`, `t_POLMOD`, or `t_COL` (on integral basis *nf*`.zk`). Basic operations (prefix `nfelt`): (`nfelt`)`add`, `mul`, `pow`, `div`, `diveuc`, `mod`, `divrem`, `val`, `trace`, `norm`

express x on integer basis	`nfalgtobasis`(nf, x)
express element x as a polmod	`nfbasistoalg`(nf, x)
reverse polmod $a = A(X) \bmod T(X)$	`modreverse`(a)
integral basis of field def. by $f = 0$	`nfbasis`(f)
field discriminant of field $f = 0$	`nfdisc`(f)
Galois group of field $f = 0$, $\deg f \leq 11$	`polgalois`(f)
smallest poly defining $f = 0$	`polredabs`$(f, \{flag\})$
small polys defining subfields of $f = 0$	`polred`$(f, \{flag\}, \{p\})$
poly of degree $\leq k$ with root $x \in \mathbf{C}$	`algdep`(x, k)
small linear rel. on coords of vector x	`lindep`(x)
are fields $f = 0$ and $g = 0$ isomorphic?	`nfisisom`(f, g)
is field $f = 0$ a subfield of $g = 0$?	`nfisincl`(f, g)
compositum of $f = 0$, $g = 0$	`polcompositum`$(f, g, \{flag\})$
subfields (of degree d) of nf	`nfsubfields`$(nf, \{d\})$
roots of unity in nf	`nfrootsof1`(nf)
roots of g belonging to nf	`nfroots`$(\{nf\}, g)$
factor g in nf	`nffactor`(nf, g)
factor g mod prime pr in nf	`nffactormod`(nf, g, pr)
conjugates of a root θ of nf	`nfgaloisconj`$(nf, \{flag\})$
apply Galois automorphism s to x	`nfgaloisapply`(nf, s, x)
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p)	`nfhilbert`$(nf, a, b, \{p\})$

Dedekind Zeta Function ζ_K

ζ_K as Dirichlet series, $N(I) < b$	`dirzetak`(nf, b)
init nfz for field $f = 0$	`zetakinit`(f)
compute $\zeta_K(s)$	`zetak`$(nfz, s, \{flag\})$
Artin root number of K	`bnrrootnumber`$(bnr, chi, \{flag\})$

Class Groups & Units (bnf, bnr)

$a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\}$ usually $bnr, subgp$ or $bnf, module, \{subgp\}$

remove GRH assumption from bnf	`bnfcertify`(bnf)
expo. of ideal x on class gp	`bnfisprincipal`$(bnf, x, \{flag\})$
expo. of ideal x on ray class gp	`bnrisprincipal`$(bnr, x, \{flag\})$
expo. of x on fund. units	`bnfisunit`(bnf, x)
as above for S-units	`bnfissunit`$(bnfs, x)$
signs of real embeddings of *bnf*`.fu`	`bnfsignunit`(bnf)

Class Field Theory

ray class number for mod. m	`bnrclassno`(bnf, m)
discriminant of class field ext	`bnrdisc`$(a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\})$
ray class numbers, l list of mods	`bnrclassnolist`(bnf, l)
discriminants of class fields	`bnrdisclist`$(bnf, l, \{arch\}, \{flag\})$
decode output from `bnrdisclist`	`bnfdecodemodule`(nf, fa)
is modulus the conductor?	`bnrisconductor`$(a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\})$
conductor of character chi	`bnrconductorofchar`(bnr, chi)
conductor of extension	`bnrconductor`$(a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\}, \{flag\})$
conductor of extension def. by g	`rnfconductor`(bnf, g)
Artin group of ext. def'd by g	`rnfnormgroup`(bnr, g)
subgroups of bnr, index $<= b$	`subgrouplist`$(bnr, b, \{flag\})$
rel. eq. for class field def'd by sub	`rnfkummer`$(bnr, sub, \{d\})$
same, using Stark units (real field)	`bnrstark`$(bnr, sub, \{flag\})$

Ideals

Ideals are elements, primes, or matrix of generators in HNF.

is id an ideal in nf ?	`nfisideal`(nf, id)
is x principal in bnf ?	`bnfisprincipal`(bnf, x)
principal ideal generated by x	`idealprincipal`(nf, x)
principal idele generated by x	`idleprincipal`(nf, x)
give $[a, b]$, s.t. $a\mathbf{Z}_K + b\mathbf{Z}_K = x$	`idealtwoelt`$(nf, x, \{a\})$
put ideal a ($a\mathbf{Z}_K + b\mathbf{Z}_K$) in HNF form	`idealhnf`$(nf, a, \{b\})$
norm of ideal x	`idealnorm`(nf, x)
minimum of ideal x (direction v)	`idealmin`(nf, x, v)
LLL-reduce the ideal x (direction v)	`idealred`$(nf, x, \{v\})$

Ideal Operations

add ideals x and y	`idealadd`(nf, x, y)
multiply ideals x and y	`idealmul`$(nf, x, y, \{flag\})$
intersection of ideals x and y	`idealintersect`$(nf, x, y, \{flag\})$
n-th power of ideal x	`idealpow`$(nf, x, n, \{flag\})$
inverse of ideal x	`idealinv`(nf, x)
divide ideal x by y	`idealdiv`$(nf, x, y, \{flag\})$
Find $(a, b) \in x \times y$, $a + b = 1$	`idealaddtoone`$(nf, x, \{y\})$

Primes and Multiplicative Structure

factor ideal x in nf	`idealfactor`(nf, x)
expand ideal factorization in nf	`idealfactorback`(nf, f, e)
decomposition of prime p in nf	`idealprimedec`(nf, p)
valuation of x at prime ideal pr	`idealval`(nf, x, pr)
weak approximation theorem in nf	`idealchinese`(nf, x, y)
give bid =structure of $(\mathbf{Z}_K/id)^*$	`idealstar`$(nf, id, \{flag\})$
discrete log of x in $(\mathbf{Z}_K/bid)^*$	`ideallog`(nf, x, bid)
`idealstar` of all ideals of norm $\leq b$	`ideallist`$(nf, b, \{flag\})$
add Archimedean places	`ideallistarch`$(nf, b, \{ar\}, \{flag\})$
init `prmod` structure	`nfmodprinit`(nf, pr)
kernel of matrix M in $(\mathbf{Z}_K/pr)^*$	`nfkermodpr`$(nf, M, prmod)$
solve $Mx = B$ in $(\mathbf{Z}_K/pr)^*$	`nfsolvemodpr`$(nf, M, B, prmod)$

Galois theory over Q

initializes a Galois group structure	`galoisinit`$(pol, \{den\})$
action of p in nfgaloisconj form	`galoispermtopol`$(G, \{p\})$
identifies as abstract group	`galoisidentify`(G)
exports a group for GAP or MAGMA	`galoisexport`$(G, \{flag\})$
subgroups of the Galois group G	`galoissubgroups`(G)
subfields from subgroups of G	`galoissubfields`$(G, \{flag\}, \{v\})$
fixed field	`galoisfixedfield`$(G, perm, \{flag\}, \{v\})$
is G abelian?	`galoisisabelian`$(G, \{flag\})$
abelian number fields	`galoissubcyclo(N,H,{`*flag*`},{v})`

Relative Number Fields (rnf)

Extension L/K is defined by $g \in K[x]$. We have $order \subset L$.

absolute equation of L	`rnfequation`$(nf, g, \{flag\})$
relative `nfalgtobasis`	`rnfalgtobasis`(rnf, x)
relative `nfbasistoalg`	`rnfbasistoalg`(rnf, x)
relative `idealhnf`	`rnfidealhnf`(rnf, x)
relative `idealmul`	`rnfidealmul`(rnf, x, y)
relative `idealtwoelt`	`rnfidealtwoelt`(rnf, x)

Lifts and Push-downs

absolute → relative repres. for x	`rnfeltabstorel`(rnf, x)
relative → absolute repres. for x	`rnfeltreltoabs`(rnf, x)
lift x to the relative field	`rnfeltup`(rnf, x)
push x down to the base field	`rnfeltdown`(rnf, x)
idem for x ideal:	(`rnfideal`)`reltoabs`, `abstorel`, `up`, `down`

Projective $\mathbf{Z}_K$-modules, maximal order

relative `polred`	`rnfpolred`(nf, g)
relative `polredabs`	`rnfpolredabs`(nf, g)
characteristic poly. of a mod g	`rnfcharpoly`$(nf, g, a, \{v\})$
relative Dedekind criterion, prime pr	`rnfdedekind`(nf, g, pr)
discriminant of relative extension	`rnfdisc`(nf, g)
pseudo-basis of $\mathbf{Z}_L$	`rnfpseudobasis`(nf, g)
relative HNF basis of $order$	`rnfhnfbasis`$(bnf, order)$
reduced basis for $order$	`rnflllgram`$(nf, g, order)$
determinant of pseudo-matrix A	`rnfdet`(nf, A)
Steinitz class of $order$	`rnfsteinitz`$(nf, order)$
is $order$ a free $\mathbf{Z}_K$-module?	`rnfisfree`$(bnf, order)$
true basis of $order$, if it is free	`rnfbasis`$(bnf, order)$

Norms

absolute norm of ideal x	`rnfidealnormabs`(rnf, x)
relative norm of ideal x	`rnfidealnormrel`(rnf, x)
solutions of $N_{K/\mathbf{Q}}(y) = x \in \mathbf{Z}$	`bnfisintnorm`(bnf, x)
is $x \in \mathbf{Q}$ a norm from K?	`bnfisnorm`$(bnf, x, \{flag\})$
initialize T for norm eq. solver	`rnfisnorminit`$(K, pol, \{flag\})$
is $a \in K$ a norm from L?	`rnfisnorm`$(T, a, \{flag\})$

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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